The Step-by-Step Guide to Breeding, Caring for, and Raising Blue-Tongued Skinks

Blue-tongued skinks are captivating reptiles that have gained popularity as exotic pets due to their docile nature, vibrant appearance, and fascinating behaviors. However, successfully breeding, caring for, and raising these unique creatures requires specialized knowledge and attentive care.



The Ultimate Guide to Training Blue-Tongued Skinks:
The Step by Step Guide to Breeding, Caring and
Raising Blue-Tongued Skinks Plus Blue-Tongued Skink
Food, Care And Health Instructions by Amy Benjamin

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This comprehensive guidebook delves into every aspect of blue-tongued skink husbandry, empowering you with the knowledge and techniques to ensure the well-being of your beloved companion.

Part 1: Understanding Blue-Tongued Skinks

Taxonomy and Distribution

Blue-tongued skinks belong to the genus *Tiliqua* and are native to Australia and New Guinea. They are known for their distinctive blue tongue, which they display when threatened or defensive.

Species and Subspecies

There are six recognized species of blue-tongued skinks, each with multiple subspecies. The most commonly kept species in captivity include:

- Eastern blue-tongued skink (*Tiliqua scincoides*)
- Western blue-tongued skink (*Tiliqua occipitalis*)
- Northern blue-tongued skink (*Tiliqua multifasciata*)

Size and Appearance

Blue-tongued skinks are medium-sized lizards, reaching lengths of up to 24 inches. They have a robust body with strong legs and a long, prehensile tail. Their coloration varies depending on the species, but typically consists of brown, black, or olive tones with contrasting patterns of yellow, orange, or white.

Part 2: Breeding Blue-Tongued Skinks

Sexual Maturity and Mating Season

Blue-tongued skinks reach sexual maturity between 2 and 4 years of age. The mating season typically occurs in spring or early summer, when males actively court females through displays of head-bobbing, tail-wagging, and tongue-flicking.

Preparing for Breeding

To prepare for breeding, ensure that your skinks are healthy and well-nourished. Provide a spacious enclosure with a temperature gradient and plenty of hiding places. Introduce males and females for short periods to allow them to interact and establish a bond.

Mating and Egg-Laying

Once a pair has formed, mating will occur after a period of courtship. The male will mount the female and hold her down with his forelegs. Females typically lay 5-15 elongated, leathery eggs in a moist nesting chamber.

Part 3: Caring for Blue-Tongued Skinks

Enclosure

Blue-tongued skinks require a spacious enclosure that provides ample space for movement and thermoregulation. The enclosure should be approximately 4 feet long, 2 feet wide, and 2 feet high for a single adult. It should be made of durable materials such as wood or PVC and have secure ventilation.

Substrate

The substrate should provide burrowing opportunities and maintain humidity. Suitable substrates include:

- Cypress mulch
- Coconut fiber
- Paper towels (temporary)

Heating and Lighting

Blue-tongued skinks require a temperature gradient within their enclosure, ranging from 75-85°F (24-29°C) on the warm end to 65-75°F (18-24°C) on the cool end. Additionally, they require 12-14 hours of UVA/UVB lighting per day to synthesize vitamin D3.

Humidity and Hydration

Blue-tongued skinks require moderate humidity levels of 40-60%. This can be achieved through regular misting or the use of a humid hide. Provide a shallow water dish for hydration and soaking.

Part 4: Raising Blue-Tongued Skinks

Hatching and Incubation

Blue-tongued skink eggs incubate for approximately 60-90 days at temperatures between 82-86°F (28-30°C). Eggs should be placed in a vermiculite or perlite substrate in an incubator.

Baby Care

Hatchling blue-tongued skinks are relatively independent but require close monitoring. Provide a similar enclosure setup as for adults, with appropriate temperatures and humidity. Feed hatchlings small insects and gradually increase the size of prey as they grow.

The successful breeding, care, and raising of blue-tongued skinks requires dedication, patience, and a deep understanding of their unique needs. By following the principles outlined in this guidebook, you can provide a thriving and enriching environment for your beloved companion, ensuring their well-being for many years to come.

Embark on the rewarding journey of blue-tongued skink ownership with this comprehensive guide. Discover the secrets to breeding success, providing optimal care, and raising healthy, happy skinks that will bring joy and fascination to your life.



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